

Precision Thermometry

- [F900 Evaluation report](#)
- [F900 Noise model](#)



TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

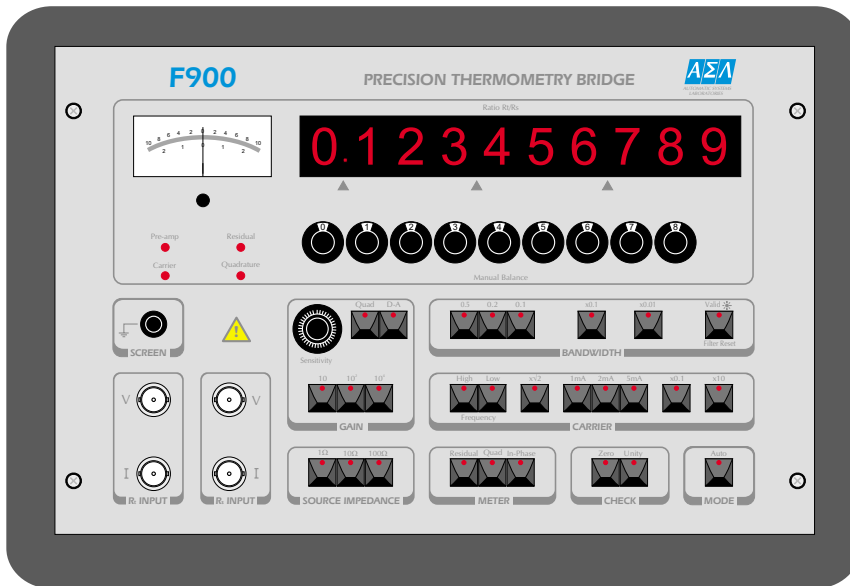
- Primary Thermometer Calibration
- Research
- Oceanography

www.aslltd.co.uk/f900.htm

F900 PRECISION THERMOMETRY BRIDGE

In world class metrology, the most important consideration is the quality of the fundamental measurement. ASL's F900 AC bridge technology represents a new peak of performance in resistance thermometer measurement and exploits the inherent advantages of AC bridge technology to maintain repeatable measurements of the highest precision under practical operating conditions.

conditions. For example, you can add cable probe extensions and extra terminal junctions without concern for thermal emfs generated by the temperature gradients in your laboratory. Design features such as the unique input guard ensure that you really can obtain the specified accuracy of 20 ppb over the range of 0.2Ω to 390Ω . This equates to a temperature measurement accuracy of 5mK for a



Like to know more about AC and why AC measurement techniques are better than DC ?

See our web page listed below, or call our application engineers and ask for the leaflet "[Why is AC better than DC ?](#)"

<http://www.aslltd.co.uk/acvdc.htm>

MAIN FEATURES

- Accuracy $<\pm 20\text{ppb}$ ($\pm 5\mu\text{K}$)
- Resolution 0.5ppb ($0.125\mu\text{K}$)
- Fast measurement time (2 seconds balance)
- Differential and absolute measurement
- No warm up time
- Traceable to International Standards

◆ e.g. 25.5Ω SPRT referenced to a 25Ω reference resistor

A FEW FACTS

The Model F900 is designed specifically for resistance thermometry to provide you with the best possible accuracy. The 25 Hz or 75 Hz operating frequency provides fast, continuous measurement with high immunity to thermal emfs and supply frequency noise sources. Practical measurements involve cables, connectors and imperfect operating environments, the F900 achieves its full specification under a wide range of real operating

25.5Ω SPRT referenced to a 25Ω reference resistor. AC bridge technology will always out-perform measurements made using DC technology with slow current reversal. These benefits are inherent to the fundamentals of electrical measurement and not just the implementation.

The F900 includes a wide range of features specifically tailored for temperature metrology. These include accurate programmable excitation current, $\sqrt{2}$ current, analogue outputs, selectable source impedance matching, gain and filter bandwidth. Manual or automatic bridge balancing together with manual or automatic control (IEEE interface) of the instrument ensure that the F900 can provide solutions in a wide range of measurement applications.

A TRUE PEDIGREE

National standards laboratories around the world require the best instrumentation for their work. The majority of these organisations use ASL AC bridges to set the temperature standard in their country. These include 20 out of the 22 members of the international C.C.T. (Consultative Committee of Thermometry).

FEATURES

Digital display	R/R _s digital display 0.000 000 000 to 1.299 999 999
Bandwidth	Selectable: 0.5, 0.2, 0.1, 0.05, 0.02, 0.01, 0.005, 0.002, 0.001 Hz.
External Standard	AC/DC standard resistor or resistance thermometer.
Sensor current	0.1, 0.2, 0.5, 1, 2, 5, 10, 20, 50mA or $\times \sqrt{2}$ any value.
Sensor current frequency	User selectable frequencies: 25 or 75 Hz with 50 Hz supply 30 or 90 Hz with 60 Hz supply Phase locked to supply frequency.
Bridge balancing modes	<u>Automatic</u> : via full self balance algorithm. <u>Manual</u> : via front panel switches (to 0.01ppm) and analogue meter
Self check modes	<u>Zero</u> : verifies bridge zero accuracy. <u>Unity</u> : verifies bridge slope accuracy.
Lead connections	True four wire connections for resistance thermometer (R _t) and standard resistor (R _s). Accuracy is unaffected by series lead resistance, permitting measurements with long cables (100 metres for 25.5Ω SPRT referenced to a 25Ω reference resistor).
Quadrature balance	Eliminates effects of thermometer, resistor and cable reactance.
Active input guard	Eliminates effects of leakage from any terminal to ground.
Analogue output	<u>Null balance</u> : ±10V (unfiltered). <u>Programmable</u> : 0 - 10V (3 scale ranges).

0.1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9



Call the Sales Office for further information



ACCESSORIES

SB148	10 channel auto/manual multiplexer, with individual preset "keep warm" current.
SB148.01	As SB148, with 4 individual "keep warm" currents per channel.
SB158	Driver/interface for up to 2 x SB148 or SB148.01 multiplexers (Specify RS232 or IEEE).
SB158.01	Driver/interface for up to 6 x SB148 or SB148.01 multiplexers (Specify RS232 or IEEE).
F900/AS1 System	F900 complete with SB148 and SB158 multiplexer in 19"/16U cabinet complete with power distribution and cutout.
F900/AS2 System	As AS1 system, but with SB148.01 multiplexer.
<u>RW1, 10, 25, 100, 300</u>	"Wilkins" AC/DC standard resistor. Values: 1, 10, 25, 100 and 300Ω.
RWTE	Thermal enclosure for RW resistors.
FA-1	Co-axial cable set converting from BNC to spade terminals.
FA-2	Co-axial cable set with BNC connectors at one end.
FA-3	4 terminal to 2 x BNC connector, adaptor box.
F/ACC	FA-1, FA-2 and FA-3 cable set.

F900

°C °F

Ω K

mV

0.01

°C

SPECIFICATION

Accuracy <±20ppb This is equivalent to a temperature of ±5μK for a 25.5Ω SPRT at 0°C referenced to a 25Ω standard resistor, or ±20mK for a 25.5Ω SPRT using a 100Ω standard resistor ($\kappa = 2$).

Resolution

	Ratio Resolution	Standard Resistor	SPRT	Temperature Resolution
IEEE	0.5ppb	100Ω 25Ω	25.5Ω 25.5Ω	0.5μK 0.125μK
Front Panel	10ppb	100Ω 25Ω	25.5Ω 25.5Ω	10μK 2.5μK

Measurement time 20 seconds for full balance.
2 seconds for incremental balance.

Warm up time None -first reading meets specification.

Thermometers R_{0.01} of 100Ω, 25.5Ω, 2.5Ω, 0.25Ω and any intermediate value.

Standard resistor range 1Ω to 300Ω AC/DC resistance.

Measurement range 0 to 1.299 999 999 ratio of two resistors, R_t to R_s, via IEEE-488 interface and 1.299 999 99 via front panel LED display using any value of R_s between 1Ω and 300Ω. e.g. 0 to 129.999 999 9Ω in 0.1μΩ steps (R_s = 100Ω).

Differential measurements between two external resistors or SPRTs can be made. e.g. an SPRT on each R_t and R_s input.

Operating conditions 10°C to 29°C (50°F to 85°F), 10 to 90% RH.

Power requirements 240, 220, 120, 100 VAC (±10%) selectable on rear panel, 50 or 60 Hz, 250VA max

Specifications are subject to change without prior notice.



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